



**Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements**

**For the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025**

**(Unaudited)**

## Condor Energies Inc.

Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Position (Unaudited)

Stated in thousands of Canadian dollars

As at	Note	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025
<b>Assets</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents		9,843	18,516
Trade and other receivables	18	20,052	16,046
Other current assets	2	3,437	2,653
<b>Total current assets</b>		<b>33,332</b>	<b>37,215</b>
Exploration and evaluation assets	3	770	630
Property, plant and equipment	4	72,166	59,155
Other long-term assets		270	268
Deferred income tax asset	16	1,642	1,151
<b>Total assets</b>		<b>108,180</b>	<b>98,419</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		26,432	21,279
Current income taxes payable		308	-
Current portion of lease liabilities		286	268
Loan facility	5	5,125	5,347
Bridge loan	6	7,258	6,040
Convertible debentures	7a	8,210	7,293
Current portion of provisions	8	326	592
Current portion of other long-term liabilities	9	558	527
<b>Total current liabilities</b>		<b>48,503</b>	<b>41,346</b>
Lease liabilities		185	260
Convertible debentures	7b	11,593	11,477
Financing agreement	21	418	-
Provisions	8	16,936	16,051
Other long-term liabilities	9	8,506	7,471
<b>Total liabilities</b>		<b>86,141</b>	<b>76,605</b>
<b>Shareholders' Equity</b>			
Share capital	10	76,682	76,547
Contributed surplus		27,442	26,625
Equity component of convertible debentures	7b	989	989
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(83,488)	(84,198)
Deficit		(11,370)	(8,101)
<b>Equity attributable to common shareholders</b>		<b>10,255</b>	<b>11,862</b>
Non-controlling interests	11	11,784	9,952
<b>Total shareholders' equity</b>		<b>22,039</b>	<b>21,814</b>
<b>Total liabilities and shareholders' equity</b>		<b>108,180</b>	<b>98,419</b>

Commitments and contingent liabilities (Note 17); Subsequent event (Note 23)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

## Condor Energies Inc.

Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income (Loss) and Comprehensive Income (Loss) (Unaudited)  
 Stated in thousands of Canadian dollars  
 (except for per share amounts)

For the three months ended March 31	Note	2026	2025 Adjusted – Note 22
<b>Revenue</b>			
Natural gas and condensate sales	20	22,580	22,270
Royalties		(3,122)	(3,079)
<b>Total revenue</b>		<b>19,458</b>	<b>19,191</b>
<b>Expenses</b>			
Production costs		9,535	9,051
Transportation and selling		696	703
General and administrative		2,844	2,492
Depletion and depreciation	4	4,222	3,276
Stock based compensation	13	870	693
<b>Total expenses</b>		<b>(18,167)</b>	<b>(16,215)</b>
Finance income	15	78	99
Finance expense	15	(1,756)	(973)
Foreign exchange gain	18	137	23
Unrealized gain (loss) on embedded derivative	7a	(865)	265
Net monetary gain (loss)		-	(13)
Income (loss) before income taxes		(1,115)	2,377
Current income tax expense	16	(1,018)	(1,364)
Deferred income tax recovery	16	464	611
<b>Net income (loss)</b>		<b>(1,669)</b>	<b>1,624</b>
<i>Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss:</i>			
Foreign currency translation adjustment		942	32
<b>Comprehensive income (loss)</b>		<b>(727)</b>	<b>1,656</b>
<b>Net income (loss) attributable to:</b>			
Common shareholders		(3,269)	(85)
Non-controlling interests	11	1,600	1,709
		<b>(1,669)</b>	<b>1,624</b>
<b>Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:</b>			
Common shareholders		(2,559)	(51)
Non-controlling interests	11	1,832	1,707
		<b>(727)</b>	<b>1,656</b>
<b>Net loss per share attributable to common shareholders:</b>			
Basic and diluted net loss per share	12	(0.05)	(0.00)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

## Condor Energies Inc.

Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

Stated in thousands of Canadian dollars

For the three months ended March 31	Note	2026	2025 Adjusted – Note 22
<b>Operating activities:</b>			
Net income (loss)		(1,669)	1,624
Items not affecting cash:			
Depletion and depreciation	4	4,222	3,276
Stock based compensation	13	870	693
Finance expense		948	653
Unrealized foreign exchange gain		(182)	(231)
Unrealized (gain) loss on embedded derivative	7a	865	(265)
Net monetary loss		-	6
Deferred income tax recovery	16	(464)	(611)
Cash flows from operating activities before the following items:		4,590	5,145
Other long-term assets		(2)	4
Decommissioning obligations settled	8	(401)	(9)
Increase in other long-term liabilities	9	864	852
Payments of other long-term liabilities	9	(171)	(181)
Changes in non-cash working capital		(3,075)	9,048
Cash flows from operating activities		1,805	14,859
<b>Investing activities:</b>			
Exploration and evaluation expenditures	3	(97)	(46)
Property, plant and equipment expenditures	4	(15,043)	(9,059)
Changes in non-cash working capital		3,927	56
Cash flows used in investing activities		(11,213)	(9,049)
<b>Financing activities:</b>			
Convertible debenture issue costs	7b	(30)	-
Repayment of Loan Facility	5	(493)	(510)
Proceeds from bridge loan	6	956	-
Proceeds from financing agreement	21	410	-
Issue of common shares	10	82	5
Lease payments		(79)	(75)
Changes in non-cash working capital		(204)	-
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities		642	(580)
Net change in cash		(8,766)	5,230
Effect of foreign exchange on cash		93	47
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning		18,516	27,841
Cash and cash equivalents, ending		9,843	33,118

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

## Condor Energies Inc.

Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity (Unaudited)

Stated in thousands of Canadian dollars

(except for number of common shares)

	Number of Common Shares	Share Capital	Contributed Surplus	Equity Component of Convertible Debentures	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Deficit	Equity Attributable to Common Shareholders	Non- Controlling Interests	Total Shareholders' Equity
As at December 31, 2024	67,457,117	75,649	25,297	-	(83,724)	(3,889)	13,333	7,727	21,060
Exercise of stock options (Note 10)	10,000	8	(3)	-	-	-	5	-	5
Stock based compensation expense	-	-	693	-	-	-	693	-	693
Foreign currency translation adjustment	-	-	-	-	34	-	34	(2)	32
Net income (loss)	-	-	-	-	-	(85)	(85)	1,709	1,624
As at March 31, 2025	67,467,117	75,657	25,987	-	(83,690)	(3,974)	13,980	9,434	23,414
As at December 31, 2025	68,376,783	76,547	26,625	989	(84,198)	(8,101)	11,862	9,952	21,814
Exercise of stock options (Note 10)	123,400	135	(53)	-	-	-	82	-	82
Stock based compensation expense	-	-	870	-	-	-	870	-	870
Foreign currency translation adjustment	-	-	-	-	710	-	710	232	942
Net income (loss)	-	-	-	-	-	(3,269)	(3,269)	1,600	(1,669)
As at March 31, 2026	68,500,183	76,682	27,442	989	(83,488)	(11,370)	10,255	11,784	22,039

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

## Condor Energies Inc.

### Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

For the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025

#### 1. Corporate information:

##### *Reporting entity*

Condor Energies Inc. ("Condor" or the "Company") is a publicly traded company listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange ("TSX") under the symbol "CDR" with activities in the Republic of Uzbekistan ("Uzbekistan"), the Republic of Kazakhstan ("Kazakhstan") and the Republic of Türkiye ("Türkiye"). The Company's registered office is 1810, 500 – 4 Avenue SW, Calgary, Alberta, Canada, T2P 2V6.

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company as at and for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025 (the "financial statements") comprise the Company and its subsidiaries. These financial statements were approved and authorized for issue on May 13, 2026 by the Board of Directors.

##### *Nature of operations*

The Company operates under a production enhancement services contract with JSC Uzbekneftegaz ("UNG") in Uzbekistan to increase the production, recovery and overall system efficiency from an integrated cluster of eight conventional natural gas-condensate fields (the "PEC Project"). The Company is responsible for all capital expenditures and operating costs associated with performing its services, and recognizes all production volumes and sales revenues realized from the PEC Project, less prescribed royalty expenses which are comprised of a ten percent production entitlement payable to UNG (the "UNG Entitlement") and a ten percent subsoil tax that is reimbursed to UNG. The Company has a 51% interest in the PEC Project after allocating 49% of the comprehensive income (loss) attributable to the non-controlling interest holder as described in Note 11a. The term of the PEC Project will end in March 2044.

The Company has an LNG initiative in Kazakhstan and is constructing its first liquefied natural gas ("LNG") facility (Note 4) to produce, distribute and sell LNG to displace diesel fuel usage in the country.

The Company has a 100% interest in and operates the Poyraz Ridge and Destan operating licenses and gas fields in Türkiye (the "Turkish Properties"). The Poyraz Ridge license is valid until June 2035 and the Destan license is valid until June 2030. On January 21, 2026, the Company entered into a share purchase agreement for a third-party buyer to acquire the Company's wholly owned subsidiary which holds the Turkish Properties (Note 21).

The Company has a 100% interest in and operates the Sayakbay and Kolkuduk exploration licenses in Kazakhstan for mining solid minerals. The six-year Sayakbay license is valid until July 2029 and the six-year Kolkuduk license is valid until February 2031.

##### *Basis of presentation*

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34 'Interim Financial Reporting', as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board. These financial statements do not include all of the information required in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards and should be read in conjunction with the annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2025.

These financial statements are reported in Canadian dollars ("CAD") which is the functional currency of the Company. The Company has a subsidiary in Uzbekistan with a United States dollar ("USD") functional currency, a subsidiary in Kazakhstan with a Kazakhstani Tenge ("KZT") functional currency and a subsidiary in the Netherlands which has a branch in Türkiye with a Turkish Lira ("TRL") functional currency.

## Condor Energies Inc.

### Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

For the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025

The accounting policies used to prepare these financial statements are consistent with the material accounting policies for the year ended December 31, 2025, except as noted below.

#### *Significant accounting estimates and judgments*

The timely preparation of financial statements requires management to make use of judgments, estimates and assumptions when transactions affecting the current accounting period cannot be finalized until future periods. These estimates will affect assets, liabilities and the disclosure of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, as well as revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Such estimates are based on informed judgments made by management and actual results could differ from those estimates as future confirming events occur. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the year in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

Information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgments in applying material accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements are outlined in Note 2 of Condor's audited consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2025, except for the following:

#### *Non-current assets or a disposal group held for sale and discontinued operations*

Non-current assets or a disposal group comprising assets and liabilities are classified as held for sale if it is highly probable that they will be recovered primarily through sale rather than through continuing use. In assessing whether the sale is highly probable, management considers, among other factors, the approval of a formal plan to dispose of the non-current assets or disposal group, past experience in completing similar transactions, obtaining government or regulatory approvals and the expected timing of completion.

Once non-current assets or a disposal group are classified as held for sale, all associated assets are reclassified as current and presented separately in the consolidated statement of financial position. The liabilities directly associated with the non-current assets or disposal group held for sale are also reclassified as current and presented separately in the consolidated statement of financial position.

A discontinued operation is a component of the entity that is classified as held for sale or has been disposed of and that represents a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations. The results of discontinued operations are presented separately in the consolidated statement of income (loss). Judgement is required in determining whether non-current assets or a disposal group classified as held for sale is considered to be a discontinued operation.

#### *Adopted accounting pronouncements*

The Company adopted *Amendments to IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" and IFRS 7 "Financial Instruments: Disclosures" – Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments* from January 1, 2026. The amendments clarify the date of recognition and derecognition of some financial assets and liabilities, with an exception that permits an entity to derecognize a financial liability before settlement date when the financial liability is settled through an electronic payment system that meets specific criteria.

The amendments apply retrospectively; however, the Company was not required to restate prior periods to reflect their application under transitional provisions. Application of the amendments did not have a material effect on the Company's interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2026.

## Condor Energies Inc.

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

For the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025

### *Future accounting pronouncements*

IFRS 18 “Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements”: On April 9, 2024, the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”) issued IFRS 18, which will replace International Accounting Standard 1, “Presentation of Financial Statements”. IFRS 18 will establish a revised structure for the Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income and improve comparability across entities and reporting periods. IFRS 18 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2027. The standard is to be applied retrospectively, with certain transition provisions. The Company is assessing the impact of IFRS 18 on the consolidated financial statements, particularly with respect to the structure of consolidated statements of income (loss), consolidated statements of cash flows and the additional disclosures required for management-defined performance measures.

### 2. Other current assets:

<b>As at (\$000's)</b>	<b>March 31, 2026</b>	<b>December 31, 2025</b>
Prepaid expenses	945	786
Inventory	633	556
Value added tax receivables	1,859	1,311
	<u>3,437</u>	<u>2,653</u>

### 3. Exploration and evaluation (“E&E”) assets:

<b>As at (\$000's)</b>	<b>March 31, 2026</b>	<b>December 31, 2025</b>
Opening balance	630	399
Capital expenditures	97	218
Transfer from property, plant and equipment	-	14
Foreign currency translation adjustment	43	(1)
Closing balance	<u>770</u>	<u>630</u>

E&E assets are comprised of the Sayakbay and Kolkuduk exploration licenses in Kazakhstan for mining solid minerals, including lithium.

There were no indicators of impairment for E&E assets as at March 31, 2026.

**Condor Energies Inc.**

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

For the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025

**4. Property, plant and equipment:**

(\$000's)	Oil and gas properties	LNG facility	Other equipment	Total
<b>Cost</b>				
As at December 31, 2024	33,153	-	2,397	35,550
Capital expenditures	45,341	7,847	268	53,456
Change in decommissioning costs	1,324	-	-	1,324
Property, plant and equipment sales	-	-	(14)	(14)
Transfer to E&E assets	-	-	(20)	(20)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(2,370)	239	(54)	(2,185)
As at December 31, 2025	77,448	8,086	2,577	88,111
Capital expenditures	15,006	-	37	15,043
Change in decommissioning costs	434	-	-	434
Retirements of other equipment	-	-	(282)	(282)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	1,328	492	69	1,889
As at March 31, 2026	94,216	8,578	2,401	105,195
<b>Accumulated depletion, depreciation and impairment</b>				
As at December 31, 2024	(16,464)	-	(1,089)	(17,553)
Depletion and depreciation	(11,988)	-	(401)	(12,389)
Property, plant and equipment sales	-	-	4	4
Transfer to E&E assets	-	-	6	6
Foreign currency translation adjustment	958	-	18	976
As at December 31, 2025	(27,494)	-	(1,462)	(28,956)
Depletion and depreciation	(3,931)	-	(99)	(4,030)
Retirements of other equipment	-	-	282	282
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(285)	-	(40)	(325)
As at March 31, 2026	(31,710)	-	(1,319)	(33,029)
<b>Net book value</b>				
As at December 31, 2025	49,954	8,086	1,115	59,155
As at March 31, 2026	62,506	8,578	1,082	72,166

Changes in decommissioning costs are from new oil and gas assets, updated cost estimates, changes to estimated lives of operations and revisions to discount rates and inflation rates related to oil and gas properties. Changes in decommissioning costs in Uzbekistan have been capitalized to oil and gas properties in the amount of \$0.4 million (December 31, 2025 – \$1.3 million). Changes in decommissioning costs in Türkiye and Kazakhstan relating to oil and gas properties with a net book value of \$Nil are recognized immediately as depletion and depreciation expense. For the three months ended March 31, 2026, the amount expensed was \$0.1 million in Türkiye (March 31, 2025 – \$0.1 million) and \$0.1 million in Kazakhstan (March 31, 2025 – \$Nil).

## Condor Energies Inc.

### Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

For the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025

During 2025, the Company entered into contracts to acquire the main equipment for a modular LNG facility for its Kazakhstan plant site, including feed gas hookup and piping, storage tanks and various ancillary equipment, along with reconditioning, certification and testing services for aggregate consideration of USD \$11.1 million (CAD \$15.5 million). Of the aggregate amount, the Company has incurred CAD \$7.8 million as at March 31, 2026 and the remaining payments are due in a combination of time and milestone-based instalments until the LNG facility is commissioned. Depreciation of the LNG facility will commence when the asset is available for use.

Total depletion and depreciation expense for property, plant and equipment, including changes in decommissioning costs for properties with a net book value of \$Nil, for the three months ended March 31, 2026 is \$4.2 million (March 31, 2025 - \$3.3 million).

As at March 31, 2026, other equipment includes field equipment and capital inventory of \$0.4 million (December 31, 2025 – \$0.4 million) which are not subject to depletion, and right-of-use assets related to Canadian and Uzbekistan office space with a cost of \$0.8 million (December 31, 2025 - \$0.8 million), accumulated depreciation of \$0.4 million (December 31, 2025 - \$0.3 million) and a carrying amount of \$0.4 million (December 31, 2025 - \$0.5 million).

There were no indicators of impairment for property, plant and equipment as at March 31, 2026.

#### 5. Loan facility:

The Company has a USD denominated term loan facility (“Loan Facility”) with a group of third-party lenders. The Loan Facility is unsecured, non-revolving and bears interest at 9.0% per annum payable in cash quarterly in arrears.

Principal payments include USD \$0.865 million due on June 30, 2026, and the final payment of USD \$2.905 million is due on July 14, 2026.

Financing costs for the Loan Facility were recorded as a reduction against the liability and are amortized over the term of the Loan Facility using the effective interest method. The effective interest expense on the Loan Facility for the three months ended March 31, 2026 was \$0.3 million (March 31, 2025 – \$0.4 million) and the balance of unamortized financing costs as at March 31, 2026 was \$0.2 million (December 31, 2025 – \$0.4 million).

As of March 31, 2026, the Loan Facility of \$5.1 million (December 31, 2025 – \$5.3 million) is comprised of \$0.1 million of accrued interest payable (December 31, 2025 – \$0.1 million) and \$5.2 million of principal (December 31, 2025 – \$5.6 million) less \$0.2 million of unamortized financing costs (December 31, 2025 – \$0.4 million). As of March 31, 2026, the Company is in compliance with all non-financial covenants and the Loan Facility has no associated financial covenants.

<b>As at (\$000's)</b>	<b>March 31, 2026</b>	<b>December 31, 2025</b>
Beginning balance	5,347	6,959
Accretion expense	304	1,344
Interest paid	(129)	(619)
Principal repayments	(493)	(1,987)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	96	(350)
Ending balance	5,125	5,347

## Condor Energies Inc.

### Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

For the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025

#### 6. Bridge loan:

The Company, through a subsidiary, has a USD denominated \$5.0 million (CAD \$7.0 million) bridge loan which is unsecured, bears interest at 9.0% per annum, has no loan covenants, requires no repayment of principal or accrued interest until maturity, and permits early repayment with no penalties or limitations (the "Bridge Loan"). The Bridge Loan use of proceeds is for capital expenditures and general and administrative costs related to the construction and implementation of the LNG facility in Kazakhstan (Note 4). The Bridge Loan was provided by a significant shareholder of the Company and provides temporary funding for the LNG project while third party project financing is being pursued. On March 10, 2026, the Company entered into an amendment to the Bridge Loan to extend the maturity date from March 30, 2026 to July 15, 2026, with all other terms and conditions remaining unchanged. The Bridge Loan and all accrued interest thereon are payable on the earlier of July 15, 2026 and ten business days following the receipt of third party project financing for the LNG facility.

As at March 31, 2026, the Company has fully drawn USD \$5.0 million (CAD \$7.0 million) from the Bridge Loan (December 31, 2025 – USD \$4.3 million) and the liability includes accrued interest payable of \$0.3 million (December 31, 2025 – \$0.1 million).

#### 7. Convertible debentures (collectively the "Debentures"):

##### a. 9% Unsecured Convertible Debentures (the "2024 Debentures")

On March 22, 2024, the Company issued the 2024 Debentures which are convertible into 2,950,336 common shares at a conversion price of USD \$1.62 per common share, are unsecured, have no associated financial covenants, bear interest at 9% per annum payable in cash semi-annually in arrears, and the principal amount of USD \$4.8 million (CAD \$6.5 million) is convertible at any time at the option of the holder on or before the maturity date of March 21, 2027. The Company can force conversion if the 20-day volume weighted average trading price of the Company's common shares on the TSX exceeds CAD \$3.00. As of March 31, 2026, the Company is in compliance with all non-financial covenants.

The fair value of the liability component of the 2024 Debentures on issuance was determined by discounting the expected future cash flows of the interest and principal amounts at the Company's estimated incremental borrowing rate of 16%. Financing costs allocated to the liability component were recorded as a reduction against the liability and are amortized over the three-year term using the effective interest method. The liability component is accreted over the three-year term to the principal amount on the maturity date with a corresponding non-cash accretion charge recognized in finance expense. The effective interest expense on the liability component of the 2024 Debentures for the three months ended March 31, 2026 was \$0.2 million (March 31, 2025 – \$0.2 million), the balance of unamortized financing costs as at March 31, 2026 was \$0.05 million (December 31, 2025 – \$0.06 million) and as at March 31, 2026, the liability component includes accrued interest payable of \$0.02 million (December 31, 2025 – \$0.2 million).

## Condor Energies Inc.

### Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

For the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025

As the 2024 Debentures are denominated in a currency other than the Company's functional currency, the conversion feature is accounted for as an embedded derivative liability and its fair value is reevaluated and estimated at each reporting period date with changes in fair value recognized in earnings. The estimated fair value of the embedded derivative liability on March 31, 2026 was \$2.0 million (December 31, 2025 – \$1.1 million) with the change in fair value for the three months ended March 31, 2026 of \$0.9 million recognized as an unrealized loss on embedded derivative (March 31, 2025 – \$0.3 million unrealized gain). The fair value of the embedded derivative liability as at March 31, 2026 was estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model assuming: a 0.5 year expected life; a 2.3% risk free interest rate; a 56% expected volatility, which is based on historical share price volatility of the Company; no expected dividends; a March 31, 2026 share price of \$2.70; and an exercise price of \$2.25.

As at (\$000's)	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025
<b>Liability component</b>		
Beginning balance	6,193	6,128
Accretion expense	241	967
Interest paid	(294)	(605)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	105	(297)
Ending liability component balance	6,245	6,193
<b>Embedded derivative component</b>		
Beginning balance	1,100	1,653
Unrealized (gain) loss on derivative revaluation	865	(553)
Ending embedded derivative component balance	1,965	1,100
Total 2024 Debentures	8,210	7,293

#### b. 12% Unsecured Convertible Debentures due in December 2028 (the "2025 Debentures")

On December 24, 2025, the Company issued the 2025 Debentures convertible into 6,825,000 common shares for gross proceeds of \$13.65 million less debt issue costs of \$1.2 million, comprised of agent's commissions, legal, advisory and regulatory fees, and broker and advisory warrants. The 2025 Debentures are unsecured, have no associated financial covenants, bear interest at 12% per annum payable in cash semi-annually in arrears, and the principal amount is convertible at any time at the option of the holder on or before the maturity date of December 24, 2028 at a conversion price of \$2.00 per common share. As of March 31, 2026, the Company is in compliance with all non-financial covenants.

The fair value of the liability component of the 2025 Debentures of \$12.6 million was determined on issuance by discounting the expected future cash flows of the interest and principal amounts at the Company's estimated incremental borrowing rate of 16%. Debt issue costs allocated to the liability component of \$1.1 million were recorded as a reduction against the liability and are amortized over the three-year term using the effective interest method. The liability component is accreted over the three-year term to the principal amount on the maturity date with a corresponding non-cash accretion charge recognized in finance expense.

The equity component of the 2025 Debentures of \$1.1 million was determined as the residual amount after deducting the fair value of the liability component from the gross proceeds and was allocated debt issue costs of \$0.1 million which were recorded as a reduction against the equity component.

**Condor Energies Inc.**

## Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

For the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025

As at (\$000's)	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025
<b>Liability component</b>		
Beginning balance	11,513	11,464
Less: issue costs	(30)	-
Accretion expense	556	49
Ending liability component balance	12,039	11,513
Less: accrued interest payable	(446)	(36)
Non-current portion	11,593	11,477
<b>Equity component</b>		
Fair value on initial recognition		1,084
Less: issue costs		(95)
Ending equity component balance		989

The effective interest expense on the liability component of the 2025 Debentures for the three months ended March 31, 2026 was \$0.6 million (March 31, 2025 – \$Nil) and the balance of unamortized issue costs as at March 31, 2026 was \$1.1 million (December 31, 2025 – \$1.1 million).

**8. Provisions:**

As at (\$000's)	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025
Beginning non-current portion	16,051	14,457
Increase in liabilities	209	666
Changes in estimates	304	1,383
Accretion expense	176	627
Foreign currency translation adjustment	196	(1,082)
Ending non-current portion	16,936	16,051
Beginning current portion	592	1,242
Changes in estimates	113	810
Settlements	(401)	(1,430)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	22	(30)
Ending current portion	326	592

Provisions are comprised of decommissioning obligations which are estimated based on the expected costs to abandon existing wells, gathering lines and facilities and for site restoration along with the estimated timing of future payments. As at March 31, 2026, the estimated total uninflated and undiscounted cash flows required to settle the current and non-current liabilities are \$21.6 million (December 31, 2025 – \$21.3 million), which are expected to be incurred between 2026 and 2043.

The net present value of the non-current decommissioning obligations is calculated with an inflation rate of 2.9% (December 31, 2025 – 2.7%) and using risk-free discount rates of 3.8% to 4.7% (December 31, 2025 – 3.5% to 4.6%).

**Condor Energies Inc.**

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

For the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025

**9. Other long-term liabilities:**

(\$000's)	PEC Project	TSA	Total
Balance as at December 31, 2024	2,821	1,816	4,637
Increase in liabilities	3,083	-	3,083
Accretion	726	240	966
Payments on other long-term liabilities	-	(699)	(699)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	88	(77)	11
Balance as at December 31, 2025	6,718	1,280	7,998
Less: current portion	-	(527)	(527)
Non-current portion	6,718	753	7,471

(\$000's)	PEC Project	TSA	Total
Balance as at December 31, 2025	6,718	1,280	7,998
Increase in liabilities	864	-	864
Accretion	280	47	327
Payments on other long-term liabilities	-	(171)	(171)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	26	20	46
Balance as at March 31, 2026	7,888	1,176	9,064
Less: current portion	-	(558)	(558)
Non-current portion	7,888	618	8,506

**PEC Project**

In accordance with the terms of the PEC Project, certain of the Company's payment obligations for royalty expenses are deferred. These liabilities are initially recognized at fair value by discounting the expected future payments at the Company's estimated incremental borrowing rate of 16% and are subsequently accreted over the deferral period to the principal amount on the due date with a corresponding non-cash accretion charge recognized in finance expense.

The total undiscounted cash outflows required to settle these obligations are \$14.8 million (December 31, 2025 – \$12.9 million) and are due between March 2029 and March 2031. The non-cash accretion expense for the three months ended March 31, 2026 is \$0.3 million (March 31, 2025 – \$0.1 million).

**TSA**

The Company, through a subsidiary, makes monthly payments of USD \$0.04 million until March 2028 under a Termination and Settlement Agreement (the "TSA") with third-party advisors who assisted Condor in pursuing investment opportunities in Uzbekistan. The TSA was initially recognized at fair value by discounting the expected future payments at the Company's estimated incremental borrowing rate of 16%. The liability is subsequently accreted over the payment period with a corresponding non-cash accretion charge recognized in finance expense. The non-cash accretion expense on the TSA liabilities for the three months ended March 31, 2026 was \$0.05 million (March 31, 2025 – \$0.07 million). As at March 31, 2026, the total undiscounted cash flows required to settle the liability are USD \$1.0 million (CAD \$1.4 million).

## Condor Energies Inc.

### Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

For the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025

#### 10. Share capital:

##### **Common shares**

The Company has authorized an unlimited number of common shares without nominal or par value and an unlimited number of first and second preferred shares without nominal or par value and all issued shares are fully paid. As of March 31, 2026, the number of common shares issued is 68,500,183 (December 31, 2025 – 68,376,783).

During the three months ended March 31, 2026, 123,400 stock options were exercised for proceeds of \$0.08 million. During the three months ended March 31, 2025, 10,000 stock options were exercised for proceeds of \$0.01 million.

##### **Warrants**

As of March 31, 2026, the Company has 2,918,672 common share purchase warrants outstanding, each exercisable into one common share of the Company as follows:

- 255,000 warrants at an exercise price of \$0.48 per common share until June 30, 2026;
- 2,278,334 warrants at an exercise price of \$0.48 per common share until July 14, 2026;
- 221,163 warrants at an exercise price of \$2.20 per common share until December 9, 2026; and
- 164,175 warrants at an exercise price of \$2.00 per common share until December 24, 2028.

#### 11. Non-controlling interests (“NCI”):

##### **a. Condor Natural Gas B.V.**

The following table summarizes the financial information, before any intra-group eliminations, relating to Condor Natural Gas B.V. (“CNG”) and its wholly-owned Uzbekistan subsidiary which is conducting the production enhancement services under the PEC Project. The NCI is allocated 49% of the comprehensive income of CNG commencing March 1, 2024.

<b>As at (\$000's)</b>	<b>March 31, 2026</b>	<b>December 31, 2025</b>
Current assets	27,278	22,882
Non-current assets	64,699	51,681
Current liabilities	(26,696)	(21,405)
Non-current liabilities	(37,882)	(29,552)
Net assets	27,399	23,606
Net assets attributable to NCI before dividends	12,030	12,907
Dividends paid to NCI	-	(2,735)
Net assets attributable to NCI	12,030	10,172

## Condor Energies Inc.

### Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

For the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025

<b>Three months ended (\$000's)</b>	<b>March 31, 2026</b>	<b>March 31, 2025</b> Adjusted – Note 22
Revenue	22,563	22,262
Expenses	(19,259)	(18,737)
Finance income	29	5
Net income	3,333	3,530
Other comprehensive income (loss)	460	(4)
Total comprehensive income	3,793	3,526
Net income allocated to NCI	1,633	1,730
Other comprehensive income (loss) allocated to NCI	225	(2)
Cash flows from operating activities	4,921	17,169
Cash flows used in investing activities	(11,113)	(8,936)
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities	6,206	(5,885)
Effect of foreign exchange on cash	84	(9)
Increase in cash	98	2,339

#### b. Condor LNG Ltd.

The following table summarizes the financial information, before any intra-group eliminations, relating to Condor LNG Ltd. ("CLNG") and its wholly-owned Kazakhstan subsidiaries which are developing liquefied natural gas facilities in Kazakhstan. The NCI is allocated 10% of the comprehensive income of CLNG commencing April 24, 2024.

<b>As at (\$000's)</b>	<b>March 31, 2026</b>	<b>December 31, 2025</b>
Current assets	1,131	383
Non-current assets	8,604	8,094
Current liabilities	(7,488)	(6,186)
Non-current liabilities	(4,705)	(4,490)
Net asset deficiency	(2,458)	(2,199)
Net asset deficiency attributable to NCI	(246)	(220)

<b>Three months ended (\$000's)</b>	<b>March 31, 2026</b>	<b>March 31, 2025</b>
Revenue	-	-
Expenses	(334)	(205)
Net loss	(334)	(205)
Other comprehensive income	75	3
Total comprehensive loss	(259)	(202)
Net loss allocated to NCI	(33)	(21)
Other comprehensive income allocated to NCI	7	-
Cash flows used in operating activities	(557)	(168)
Cash flows used in investing activities	(17)	(1)
Cash flows from financing activities	1,254	186
Effect of foreign exchange on cash	1	(1)
Increase in cash	681	16

**Condor Energies Inc.**

## Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

For the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025

**12. Net loss per share:**

Per share amounts are calculated using a weighted average number of common shares of 68,382,289 for the three months ended March 31, 2026 (March 31, 2025 – 67,462,561 shares). For periods with a net loss attributable to common shareholders, convertible debentures (Note 7), common share purchase warrants (Note 10) and stock options (Note 13) have been excluded from the respective calculations of diluted weighted average common shares as to include them would have an antidilutive effect.

**13. Stock based compensation:**

The Company has a stock option plan under which the Board may grant options for the purchase of common shares to directors, officers and employees for up to 10% of the outstanding common shares. The Board establishes the exercise price of options at the date of grant, provided that such price shall not be less than the volume weighted average trading price of the shares on the TSX for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of grant. The options are granted for a term of five years and fully vest after either two or three years from the date of grant. Each outstanding option is exercisable to acquire one common share of the Company.

The number and weighted average exercise prices of share options are as follows:

	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price
Outstanding as at December 31, 2024	5,213,566	\$0.71
Granted	1,355,000	\$1.85
Exercised	(919,666)	\$0.61
Forfeited	(100,000)	\$1.86
Outstanding as at December 31, 2025	5,548,900	\$0.99
Granted	1,165,000	\$2.46
Expired	(18,000)	\$1.93
Exercised	(123,400)	\$0.66
Outstanding as at March 31, 2026	6,572,500	\$1.25

Details of the stock options outstanding as at March 31, 2026 are as follows:

Exercise price	Options outstanding		Options vested	
	Number	Average remaining life in years	Number	Average remaining life in years
\$0.31	912,000	2.0	912,000	2.0
\$0.39	1,075,000	1.7	1,075,000	1.7
\$0.42	120,000	1.0	120,000	1.0
\$0.48	700,000	0.9	700,000	0.9
\$1.23	915,500	2.5	915,500	2.5
\$1.53	90,000	4.1	30,001	4.1
\$1.80	165,000	3.2	110,001	3.2
\$1.86	1,167,000	3.9	778,003	3.9
\$1.99	213,000	3.4	71,000	3.4
\$2.15	50,000	4.3	16,667	4.3
\$2.46	1,165,000	5.0	388,345	5.0
	6,572,500	2.9	5,116,517	2.4

## Condor Energies Inc.

### Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

For the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025

As of March 31, 2026, there are 6,572,500 stock options outstanding (December 31, 2025 – 5,548,900) with a weighted average exercise price of \$1.25 (December 31, 2025 – \$0.99), of which 5,116,517 stock options are exercisable (December 31, 2025 – 4,480,571) with a weighted average exercise price of \$0.98 (December 31, 2025 – \$0.78).

In March 2026, 1,165,000 stock options were granted and the fair value of \$1.64 per option was estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model assuming: a 3.5 year expected life; a 3.0% risk free interest rate; an 90% expected volatility, which is based on historical share price volatility of the Company; no expected dividends; a grant date share price of \$2.60; and an exercise price of \$2.46.

#### 14. Related party transactions:

The Bridge Loan is provided by a significant shareholder of the Company (see Note 6).

#### 15. Finance income and expense:

<b>For the three months ended (\$000's)</b>	<b>March 31, 2026</b>	<b>March 31, 2025</b>
Finance income:		<b>Adjusted – Note 22</b>
Interest on bank deposits	50	99
Other	28	-
	<hr/> 78	<hr/> 99
Finance expense:		
Accretion on loans and Debentures (Notes 5, 6, and 7)	1,236	593
Accretion of provisions (Note 8)	176	164
Accretion of other long-term liabilities (Note 9)	327	192
Interest on lease liabilities	17	24
	<hr/> 1,756	<hr/> 973

#### 16. Income taxes:

Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are recognized for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilize those temporary differences and losses. Income tax expense for the three months ended March 31, 2026 is comprised of current income tax expense of \$1.0 million (March 31, 2025 – \$1.4 million) and deferred income tax recovery of \$0.5 million (March 31, 2025 – \$0.6 million) primarily related to Uzbekistan.

## Condor Energies Inc.

### Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

For the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025

#### 17. Commitments and contingent liabilities:

Under the terms of the PEC Project, the Company is required to complete a five-year minimum development work plan (the "MDWP") which began in 2024 and establishes how the Company intends to enhance and optimize production from the eight natural gas-condensate fields. The MDWP includes the following work program: perform seventy-five well workovers, install artificial lift in sixty wells, acquire 225 km<sup>2</sup> of 3-D seismic, install water separation equipment, drill twenty-five new wells, install three field compression units, and perform upgrades for two in-field processing facilities. At the inception of the PEC Project, the estimated capital expenditures associated with the work program are USD \$138.4 million (CAD \$192.9 million), and the Company is entitled to determine the schedule and timing of completing the work program within the five-year period. The MDWP also includes estimated operating expenses of USD \$170.5 million (CAD \$237.7 million). The Company is actively executing on the activities set out in the MDWP work program and incurring the associated capital and operating expenditures. The performance and implementation of the MDWP is monitored regularly and may be amended by agreement between the Company and UNG. If the Company is unable to substantially complete the MDWP by December 31, 2028, except due to certain specified conditions, this is a specific material breach which allows for UNG to terminate the PEC Project, unless the Company can successfully negotiate an extension or amendment to the MDWP with UNG. Actual expenditures required to complete the specified work program and to operate the fields may be significantly different from the above estimates.

The Company has capital commitments for the LNG facility in Kazakhstan of USD \$5.4 million (CAD \$7.6 million), and the payments are due in a combination of time and milestone-based instalments until the LNG facility is commissioned.

There are no work commitments related to the Poyraz Ridge or the Destan operating licenses in Türkiye.

The Sayakbay exploration license in Kazakhstan contains contractual work commitments of \$0.2 million per annum during the first three years and \$0.3 million per annum during the final three years of the six-year term. The Kolkuduk exploration license in Kazakhstan contains contractual work commitments of approximately \$0.05 million per annum during the first three years and \$0.1 million per annum during the final three years of the six-year term. The contractual work commitments may be amended from time to time in accordance with planned exploration activities proposed by the Company and approved by the Government of Kazakhstan and additional contractual work commitment amounts could be significant.

#### 18. Financial risk management:

##### *Credit risk*

Credit risk arises from the possibility that a counterparty to which the Company provides goods or services is unable or unwilling to fulfil their contractual obligations. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is as follows:

Carrying amounts as at (\$000's)	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025
Cash and cash equivalents	9,843	18,516
Trade and other receivables	20,052	16,046
Other long-term assets	270	268
	30,165	34,830

The Company limits its exposure to credit risk on cash and cash equivalents and bank deposits by depositing and investing in banks with investment grade credit ratings.

## Condor Energies Inc.

### Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

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Credit risk on trade receivables is related mainly to natural gas marketers, and the risk of financial loss if a customer, partner or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. During the three months ended March 31, 2026, sales of natural gas were sold to one customer in each of Uzbekistan and Türkiye, and sales of condensate in Uzbekistan were sold to UNG and therefore all sales transactions are subject to concentration risk. As at March 31, 2026, these three customers represented 99% of outstanding trade and other receivables (December 31, 2025 – 99%). Of the \$20.1 million trade and other receivables balance as of March 31, 2026, \$15.5 million was collected subsequent to March 31, 2026.

Credit risk is mitigated by management's policies and practices. Natural gas and condensate produced in Uzbekistan are supplied to the domestic market through sales agreements with national companies of Uzbekistan. For condensate sales receivables in Uzbekistan, if full payment is not received from UNG when due, the Company may withhold the outstanding amount receivable from the payment due to UNG for the UNG Entitlement. For natural gas sales in Türkiye, the Company holds a bank guarantee provided by the buyer of its natural gas amounting to two month's estimated gas sales as security on gas sales receivables.

#### *Liquidity risk and capital management*

Liquidity risk is the risk the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting financial obligations and commitments and repaying liabilities as they fall due. The Company's objective is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its obligations when due. The Company requires liquidity mainly to satisfy financial obligations and operating requirements related to activities in Uzbekistan and Kazakhstan as described in Note 17, and in Türkiye. The Company looks to manage liquidity by adjusting its capital structure by issuing new equity or debt, disposing of assets and making adjustments to its capital expenditure program to the extent the capital expenditures are not committed.

As at March 31, 2026, the Company does not have sufficient resources or committed financing to fund all the development activities described in Note 17 and the Company's long term success and ability to manage these obligations is dependent upon its continued ability to generate positive cash flows from operating activities, securing funding from debt or equity financing, disposing of assets, making other arrangements, or deferring certain non-committed components of its development program. While the Company believes it has sufficient resources to manage these obligations for the next year, there is no assurance that the Company will be successful with these longer term initiatives and the outcome of these matters is uncertain.

At March 31, 2026, the Company had a deficit of \$11.4 million (December 31, 2025 – \$8.1 million). For the three months ended March 31, 2026, the Company reported a net loss of \$1.7 million (March 31, 2025 – net income of \$1.6 million) and cash flows from operating activities of \$1.8 million (March 31, 2025 – \$14.9 million). The Company's working capital deficiency has increased from \$4.1 million as at December 31, 2025 to a working capital deficiency of \$15.2 million as at March 31, 2026 primarily due to property, plant and equipment expenditures of \$15.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2026. On April 21, 2026, the Company completed a brokered public offering of 11,500,000 common shares for gross proceeds of \$29.9 million, as described in Note 23.

To manage capital expenditures and operating cashflows, annual budgets are prepared, monitored regularly and updated as required. The Company also utilizes authorizations for expenditures to manage capital spending.

The cash flows presented in the tables below are the contractual undiscounted cash flows and accordingly certain amounts differ from the amounts included in the consolidated statements of financial position. The Company's undiscounted contractual obligations are as follows:

**Condor Energies Inc.**

## Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

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(\$000's)	Less than 1 year	Greater than 1 year	Total
<b><u>As at March 31, 2026</u></b>			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	26,432	-	26,432
Lease liabilities	331	194	525
Loan facility	5,340	-	5,340
Bridge loan	7,258	-	7,258
Financing agreement	-	418	418
Convertible debentures	7,110	13,650	20,760
Other long-term liabilities	697	15,497	16,194
<b><u>As at December 31, 2025</u></b>			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	21,279	-	21,279
Lease liabilities	322	276	598
Loan facility	5,749	-	5,749
Bridge loan	6,040	-	6,040
Convertible debentures	199	20,188	20,387
Other long-term liabilities	685	13,698	14,383

*Market risk*

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices and their impact on the future performance of the business. Market risk is comprised of three types of market price changes: foreign currency exchange rates, interest rates and commodity prices. Derivative instruments may be used to reduce exposure to these risks.

*Foreign currency exchange risk*

The Company is exposed to significant foreign currency risk as the Company's natural gas and condensate sales and a substantial portion of foreign activities are transacted in or referenced to foreign currencies, a significant portion of the Company's cash and cash equivalents are held in USD and the Company's Loan Facility, Bridge Loan and 2024 Debentures are denominated in USD. Natural gas and condensate sales in Uzbekistan are domestic sales at local market prices and natural gas sales in Türkiye are denominated in TRL. In general, an increase in the value of the Canadian dollar as compared to the USD or the TRL will reduce the prices received by the Company for its natural gas and condensate sales. The Company had no forward exchange rate contracts in place during the three months ended March 31, 2026 and the year ended December 31, 2025.

During the three months ended March 31, 2026, the CAD depreciated from 1.37 per 1.00 USD to 1.39, the KZT appreciated from 502.6 per 1.00 USD to 481.5, and the TRL depreciated from 42.9 per 1.00 USD to 44.4, which led to a foreign exchange gain of \$0.1 million (March 31, 2025 – \$0.02 million) related primarily to the USD denominated Loan Facility, Bridge Loan and 2024 Debentures, partially offset by USD cash and cash equivalents held by the Company.

During the three months ended March 31, 2026, the CAD depreciated from 1.37 per 1.00 USD to 1.39, the KZT appreciated from 367.2 per 1.00 CAD to 346.2, and the TRL depreciated from 31.3 per 1.00 CAD to 31.9, resulting in a \$0.9 million translation gain adjustment through equity (March 31, 2025 – \$0.03 million).

## Condor Energies Inc.

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#### *Interest rate risk*

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of the financial instrument or future cash flows associated with the financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates. The Company's Loan Facility, Bridge Loan and 2024 Debentures all bear fixed-rate interest at 9.0% per annum, and the 2025 Debentures bear fixed-rate interest at 12.0% per annum. The value of these instruments is exposed to interest rate risk from changes in market interest rates. The Company had no risk management contracts that would be affected by interest rates in place during the three months ended March 31, 2026 and the year ended December 31, 2025.

#### *Commodity price risk*

Commodity price risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows will fluctuate as a result of changes in commodity prices. The Company is exposed to changes in commodity prices inherent in the oil and natural gas industry. Commodity prices for oil and natural gas are impacted by economic events and factors which are beyond the Company's control. Fluctuations in petroleum and natural gas prices may have a significant effect on the Company's results of operations and cash flows from operating activities, and may also affect the value of the oil and gas properties, the level of spending for exploration and development and the Company's ability to raise capital. The Company had no derivative commodity price contracts in place during the three months ended March 31, 2026 and the year ended December 31, 2025.

Natural gas sales in Uzbekistan are domestic sales at local market prices. Condensate sales prices in Uzbekistan are based on Brent crude less a discount for processing, transportation and marketing.

Natural gas sales in Türkiye are domestic sales via pipeline at prices published monthly by the state owned pipeline transportation company BOTAS. The benchmark for Condor's gas sales in Türkiye is BOTAS Level 2 wholesale tariffs less a marketing differential.

#### *Fair value of financial assets and liabilities*

A number of the Company's accounting policies and disclosures require the determination of fair value, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. Fair values have been determined for measurement and/or disclosure purposes based on the following methods outlined below. The Company's fair value measurements are classified as one of the following levels of the fair value hierarchy. When applicable, further information about the assumptions made in determining fair values is disclosed in the notes specific to that asset or liability:

Level 1 – Inputs represent unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities as of the reporting date. An active market is characterized by a high volume of transactions that provides pricing information on an ongoing basis.

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. These valuations are based on inputs that can be observed or corroborated in the marketplace, such as market interest rates or forward prices for commodities.

Level 3 – Inputs for the asset or liability are not based on observable market data.

## Condor Energies Inc.

### Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

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The fair value of the Company's cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, Loan Facility and Bridge Loan approximate their carrying value as at March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, due to their short term to maturity. The embedded derivative liability of the 2024 Debentures is classified as Level 2 within the fair value hierarchy, and its fair value is determined at each period end. The liability component of the 2025 Debentures is classified as Level 2 within the fair value hierarchy, and its fair value was estimated to be \$13.1 million as at March 31, 2026 (December 31, 2025 - \$12.6 million). The other long-term liabilities and the financing agreement described in Note 21 are classified as Level 2 within the fair value hierarchy, and their fair value approximates their carrying value.

#### 19. Supplementary cash flow information:

For the three months ended March 31, 2026, the Company received interest income of \$0.05 million (March 31, 2025 – \$0.1 million), paid aggregate interest expense of \$0.4 million (March 31, 2025 – \$0.3 million) on the loan facility (Note 5) and Debentures (Note 7), and paid income tax of \$0.8 million (March 31, 2025 – \$0.5 million).

#### 20. Segmented information:

The Company has the following operating and reporting segments related to foreign subsidiaries and presents the following segmented information:

(\$000's)	Corporate	Uzbekistan	Kazakhstan	Türkiye	Total
<b>As at March 31, 2026</b>					
Property, plant and equipment	209	62,945	9,000	12	72,166
Total assets	4,387	91,858	11,145	790	108,180
Total liabilities	26,491	48,274	8,077	3,299	86,141
<b>As at December 31, 2025</b>					
Property, plant and equipment	237	50,444	8,469	5	59,155
Total assets	13,910	74,380	9,703	426	98,419
Total liabilities	25,579	41,221	7,565	2,240	76,605

**Condor Energies Inc.**

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For the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025

(\$000's)	Corporate	Uzbekistan	Kazakhstan	Türkiye	Total
<b>For the three months ended March 31, 2026</b>					
PP&E expenditures	4	15,013	17	9	15,043
<b>Revenue</b>					
Natural gas sales	-	20,280	-	17	20,297
Condensate sales	-	2,283	-	-	2,283
Royalties	-	(3,120)	-	(2)	(3,122)
Total revenue	-	19,443	-	15	19,458
<b>Expenses</b>					
Production costs	-	8,851	-	684	9,535
Transportation and selling	-	691	-	5	696
General and administrative	1,033	1,139	531	141	2,844
Depletion and depreciation	32	3,995	115	80	4,222
Stock based compensation	870	-	-	-	870
Finance income	(42)	(27)	(4)	(5)	(78)
Finance expense	1,104	496	136	20	1,756
Foreign exchange (gain) loss	96	17	(244)	(6)	(137)
Loss on embedded derivative	865	-	-	-	865
Income (loss) before taxes	(3,958)	4,281	(534)	(904)	(1,115)
Income tax expense	-	(498)	(56)	-	(554)
Net income (loss)	(3,958)	3,783	(590)	(904)	(1,669)
<b>For the three months ended March 31, 2025</b>					
PP&E expenditures	66	8,992	1	-	9,059
<b>Revenue</b>					
Natural gas sales	-	19,982	-	8	19,990
Condensate sales	-	2,280	-	-	2,280
Royalties	-	(3,078)	-	(1)	(3,079)
Total revenue	-	19,184	-	7	19,191
<b>Expenses</b>					
Production costs	-	8,907	-	144	9,051
Transportation and selling	-	702	-	1	703
General and administrative	484	1,520	384	104	2,492
Depletion and depreciation	26	3,114	2	134	3,276
Stock based compensation	693	-	-	-	693
Finance income	(86)	(5)	(1)	(7)	(99)
Finance expense	598	357	-	18	973
Foreign exchange (gain) loss	(68)	45	9	(9)	(23)
Gain on embedded derivative	(265)	-	-	-	(265)
Net monetary loss	-	-	-	13	13
Income (loss) before taxes	(1,382)	4,544	(394)	(391)	2,377
Income tax expense	-	(753)	-	-	(753)
Net income (loss)	(1,382)	3,791	(394)	(391)	1,624

## Condor Energies Inc.

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

For the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025

### 21. Sale of Turkish Properties:

The Company entered into a share purchase agreement (the “SPA”) on January 21, 2026 for a third-party buyer (the “Buyer”) to acquire the Company’s wholly owned subsidiary which holds the Turkish Properties (the “Subsidiary”). The SPA consideration is comprised of 18,000 Euros, and a gross overriding royalty at rates ranging from zero to 15% depending on average daily production volumes from the Turkish Properties, calculated as sales revenues less government royalties and less transportation costs, for a period of ten years subject to an aggregate cap of USD \$10.0 million. The transaction is subject to Turkish government approvals (the “Government Approvals”) and completion shall occur within ten business days of receiving the Government Approvals. Either party may terminate the SPA if the Government Approvals are not received by January 21, 2027.

The Buyer is required to complete a minimum work commitment by January 21, 2027 (the “Minimum Work Commitment”), subject to certain considerations, which includes conducting various workover activities and drilling one new well on the Turkish Properties. Commencing on March 21, 2026, the Buyer is also responsible for all operating expenditures until completion of this transaction including production costs, general and administrative expenses and taxes (the “Operating Expenditures”).

In connection with the SPA, the Company, through the Subsidiary, entered into a USD denominated, non-interest-bearing financing agreement with the Buyer to provide funding for the Minimum Work Commitment and Operating Expenditures. If the SPA is terminated due to the Government Approvals not being granted, this financing agreement shall convert into a loan that is secured by the Turkish Properties, is non-interest bearing, has no financial loan covenants and is repayable from ninety percent of the free cashflow, calculated as sales revenues less operating costs and taxes, from future natural gas production and sales from the Turkish Properties, if any (the “Turkiye Loan Facility”). The Turkiye Loan Facility will be non-recourse and in the absence of free cashflow, no amounts will be contractually repayable. As at March 31, 2026, the amount of funding received from the Buyer under the financing agreement was USD \$0.3 million (CAD \$0.4 million).

As of March 31, 2026, the Company determined that the Turkish Properties did not meet the criteria to be classified as held for sale as it was not highly probable given uncertainties regarding the timing of the Government Approvals and completion of the Buyer’s Minimum Work Commitment that this transaction will close prior to January 21, 2027. The Company is actively working with the Buyer to resolve these uncertainties and complete all obligations specified under the SPA.

### 22. Comparative period adjustment:

An immaterial adjustment has been made to the royalty expenses described in Note 9, and non-cash finance income in the interim condensed consolidated statements of income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) and cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2025. Previously, the difference between the fair value of the payment obligations and the undiscounted value of these royalty expenses was recorded as non-cash finance income upon recognition. These royalty expenses should have been recorded at the discounted amount and non-cash finance income should not be recognized.

## Condor Energies Inc.

### Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

For the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025

The adjustment for the three months ended March 31, 2025 is \$1.0 million and the impact on the statement of income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) is to reduce finance income from \$1.1 million to \$0.1 million and royalty expenses from \$4.1 million to \$3.1 million with a corresponding adjustment to total revenue from \$18.2 million to \$19.2 million. The impact on cash flows from operating activities is to reduce non-cash finance income from \$1.0 million to \$Nil and reduce the change in other long-term liabilities from \$1.9 million to \$0.9 million.

There was no impact resulting from this adjustment in the amount of the Company's previously reported net income, cash flows from operating activities or to other long-term liabilities in the interim condensed consolidated statements of financial position.

#### **23. Subsequent event:**

On April 21, 2026, the Company completed a fully subscribed brokered bought deal public offering and issued 11,500,000 common shares at a price of \$2.60 per common share for gross proceeds of \$29.9 million (the "Offering") less cash share issue costs of \$2.3 million comprised of underwriter commissions, legal fees, advisory fees and regulatory costs for net cash proceeds of \$27.6 million. The net proceeds of the Offering will be used to continue development of the Company's natural gas fields in Uzbekistan, including enhancing field compression, and general corporate purposes. In connection with the Offering, the Company issued 334,860 broker warrants, each exercisable into one common share of the Company at \$2.60 per common share until April 21, 2028.